



Will Main
Portfolio Manager and
Head of Research (Asia
and Emerging Markets)
Maple-Brown Abbott
[LinkedIn](#)

Is this ugly duckling becoming a swan? – the case for Asia ex-Japan in 2023

By Will Main

Viewpoint

- Has an early sprint simply moved to a more sustainable pace?
- Signs 2023 will be a better year for Asia
- Unusual bull market if it is already over

China and the broader Asia ex-Japan region started 2023 in a sprint, triggered late last year by China's U-turn on zero-COVID. The region was up 10% (in USD terms) at its peak by the end of January and up 32% since bottoming in October 2022. Markets have given back most of this gain, with the region broadly flat year to date at the end of February. Hawkish commentary from the US Federal Reserve, rising geopolitical tensions and a US dollar that is no longer falling have injected some risk aversion into investor thinking.

So, is that it? Few would argue about the longer-term arguments for the region's attraction – rising incomes and a growing middle class, digitisation, urbanisation, increasing health care spending, and the associated opportunities and benefits they bring. They remain valid and will continue to play out for the region over the medium and long term.

In the near term, there are several signs to suggest 2023 will be a better year for Asia both in absolute and relative terms.

- **Earnings.** After nearly two years of downgrades, forward earnings per share (EPS) revisions for the region inflected in late 2022 and have since turned positive in January. Domestic-orientated companies are likely to see earnings recover assisted by the reopening of China's economy, though a US/European recession remains a risk to more export-driven companies. More broadly, profitability (as measured by return on equity) across the region remains lower than historical averages, which means even modest rises in revenues and/or margins are likely to drive an earnings recovery.



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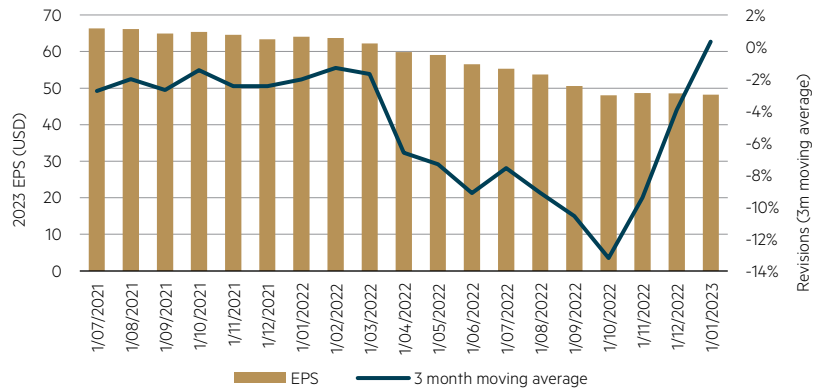
Level 26, Tower One
International Towers Sydney
100 Barangaroo Avenue
Barangaroo NSW 2000 Australia

maple-brownabbott.com

[LinkedIn](#)

ABN 73 001 208 564
AFSL 237296

Asia ex-Japan earnings have turned



Source: FactSet. Data as at 31 January 2023

- **Valuations.** From crisis levels back in October last year, valuations have increased, though they remain far from egregious. The Asia ex-Japan region trades on 1.6x price/book, a 9% discount from its long-term average. At a company level, we are finding many stocks that trade on valuations close to record lows. As 2023 progresses, earnings will need to continue to recover to see further gains.
- **Historical precedent.** Work by Morgan Stanley looked at prior bear markets (and subsequent bull market runs).¹ The most recent bear market in Asia ex-Japan proved the longest in 25 years, lasting 614 days (versus an average of 263 days). If the current bull market had indeed ended in January, it would be the shortest on record (95 days versus an average of 451 days) and one of the smallest (+31% compared with an average of +75%).
- **China.** At the trough, MSCI China had fallen more than 60% with a series of largely self-inflicted policy decisions that hit large parts of the economy (e.g. regulatory crackdown on internet players, property tightening measures and rolling COVID lockdowns). The good news is that these headwinds have now either eased (in the case of property and regulatory) or become a tailwind ('revenge spending' and the re-opening of the economy).

Parting thought

After a challenging period for the Asia ex-Japan region, several factors are aligning for better prospective returns. Volatility may well remain elevated, however we think fundamentals remain sound. From a starting point where valuations are cheap, earnings are recovering and the region is still largely out of favour, Asia ex-Japan markets look attractive for the year ahead.

¹ 'Stay the Course – Tailwinds are Stronger than Headwinds' By Jonathan Garner. 19 February 2023.